

Re: Best replication architecture?

Source:

<http://www.tech-archive.net/Archive/SQL-Server/microsoft.public.sqlserver.replication/2006-08/msg00037.html>

- *From:* Lauren <Lauren@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx>
 - *Date:* Wed, 19 Jul 2006 06:51:01 -0700
-

I have just been reading about alternate sync partners which is not something I realised would be needed. From what I can see it seems to have been deprecated for SQL Server 2005 without any alternative having been provided to do the same job. I definitely will need my big Express clients to be able to subscribe to any other server in their domain if the link goes down for some reason.

"Hilary Cotter" wrote:

Yes, that is what I was referring to. You can have a client subscribe to a different publisher. So if it is subscribing to Publisher 1, and the link to Publisher 1 goes down you would have to configure Publisher 2 in advance as an alternate sync partner for Publisher 1, and then manually configure this subscriber to use Publisher 2.

There are some problems with this. The big one is that the Subscriber must reconnect with Publisher 1 before the retention period has elapsed, and must connect back to Publisher 1 to have its identity range incremented. You will have to manually fail it back to Publisher 1.

—

Hilary Cotter

Director of Text Mining and Database Strategy

RelevantNOISE.Com – Dedicated to mining blogs for business intelligence.

This posting is my own and doesn't necessarily represent RelevantNoise's positions, strategies or opinions.

Looking for a SQL Server replication book?

<http://www.nwsu.com/0974973602.html>

Looking for a FAQ on Indexing Services/SQL FTS

<http://www.indexserverfaq.com>

Re: Best replication architecture?

"Lauren" <Lauren@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx> wrote in message
news:7DE3EE64-318C-4F58-9B50-FB06B6AF4073@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

This is very helpful, Thankyou

I have more questions though ...

Do you mean a Master server for each domain (which may have one or more installations within it)?

In our scenario, connections could be very unstable at times so we would need the clients to be able to connect to different servers if their nominated one is unavailable.

Also it is only the 4 GB client machines which require a subset of data, the servers and large Express machines should be identical to one another.

"Hilary Cotter" wrote:

You are correct but it sounds like you are using MS Exchange terminology.

Basically you will have a "master" server or a top level publisher which is similar to a MS Exchange bridgehead server. This server will publisher to the remaining 5 SQL Servers which each have their own domain (Publisher1, Publisher2, Publisher3, Publisher4, Publisher5). The filter should be constructed so that only data for publisher 1 goes to publisher 1 and publisher 2 goes to publisher 2. If your don't filter enough you won't be using your LAN efficiently. It can work mind you, but then data will be going to both Publisher 1 and 2 to the main publisher and back and forth. It is acceptable to have this overlap, just not terribly efficient.

Publisher 1 will then publish to a group of SQL Server Express clients.
Publisher 2 will publish to another group.

Publisher 1 SQL Server Express subscribers should always replicate with Publisher 1 and not Publisher 2. Again you can have some overlap, but its

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not very efficient. Unless you are under significant load you should not have a problem.

You can to a degree have Publisher 2 back up Publisher1 but its not optimal.

Also the master server would not be that heavily loaded in a hierarchy.

It would be more heavily loaded if you did not have a hierarchy.

--

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"Lauren" <Lauren@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx> wrote in message
<news:8060857D-6740-4E40-A4D9-2B7A62AD9B9E@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx>

Thanks for your reply Hilary.

Each server in our system is an installation. The system we are providing will have these installations in different physical locations at different times. Sometimes it is envisaged that each installation will be stand alone in its own domain and at others the user will be able to link one or more installations to each other within a single domain. The design proposed in the project

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plan is that all servers
within
a
domain (where there is more than one)
would replicate to each other and
a
bridgehead server would be nominated that
would replicate to the other
domains. This sounds similar to what you
have suggested but your
suggestion
sounds more efficient than having all-to-all
replication going on
within a
domain. Would the master server be very
heavily loaded or could that be
solved by using pull subscriptions?

Sorry if my questions are naive but I am still
in the very early stages
of
trying to read and understand this problem.

Thankyou,
Lauren

"Hilary Cotter" wrote:

Answers inline.

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Hilary Cotter
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"Lauren"
<Lauren@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx>
wrote in message
<news:D00BC0D8-6990-4968-93F2-F9502508A9F6@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx>

Hi,

I have just
started on a
new project

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and have
the
responsibility
of
setting
up the SQL
Server
replication
architecture.

I wonder if
anyone can
give
me
advice on
the way to
go?

We have a
setup of 6
SQL Server
2005
servers
which
should all
be
replicating
to each
other,
connected
to these will
be a number
of smaller
groups
of
machines (1
"server" and
9 "clients")
which will
all be
running
SQL
Server
Express.
The Express
"server" has
at least
80Gb and a
reasonably
powerful
processor.
The Express
"clients"

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only have a
4Gb Hard
drive which
is
a
bit
of
a limitation
to say the
least but
non-negotiable.
The Express
machines
may
go
offline
deliberately
but the user
still needs
to be able to
work
when
this
happens and
so conflicts
will need to
be resolved
on
re-connect.
The
6
SQL
Server
machines
all need to
be up to
date so that
the Express
"server"
can
connect to
any one that
is available
to it and see
the latest
information.
Oh, and the
tiny Express
"clients"
will only
require a

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subset of
the
overall
data
applicable
to their user
domain.
How best to
achieve
this?

The
designer on
the project
has been
inclined
towards
peer-to-peer
transactional
replication,
but as this
does not
handle
conflict
resolution
he
has tried to
impose a
nauseating
check in/out
process
(and the
concept
of
a
master
server for
data) on the
user in
order to
prevent
concurrent
updates.
This is not
the way we
want to
proceed
now that
real
development
is

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taking
place and
we have
decided to
go with an
optimistic
locking
mechanism
with
replication
handling
conflicts
(latest is
best or user
role priority
etc.).

You need to do merge
replication between the
express clients and the
main
SQL Servers. Use filtering,
possibly join filtering or
dynamic join
filtering so the express
clients only get what they
need.

Queued replication will log
the conflicts but you will be
unable to
roll
them back.

I further think, although it is
not completely clear to me
that you
want
to
set up a merge replication
heirarchy between your
main sql servers, ie
one
will be the master, all others
subscribers to the master.
Then you
will
each
of these SQL Servers will
publish to the SQL Express

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clients.

Can anyone
offer me
advice on
this – I have
been
reading a lot
about
replication
(which is
not
something I
have ever
implemented
before)
and
overall am
leaning
towards
transactional
with
queuing and
updateable
subscriptions
but I don't
know if
Express
supports
subscriber
updateable
or
not and
there are
lots of
features of
merge
replication
which seem
to
fit
our
architecture?
I am
currently
trying to get
some
machines
set up to
try

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things
out for real
but am
having
difficulty as
our IT
provider has
clamped
down
our
machines so
much that I
can't even
get Express
to install!

TIA,

Lauren