

microsoft.public.sqlserver.clients: Re: Login failed for user '(null)'

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Source:

<http://www.tech-archive.net/Archive/SQL-Server/microsoft.public.sqlserver.clients/2004-09/0139.html>

From: Steve Thompson (*stevethompson_at_nomail.please*)

Date: 09/29/04

Date: Wed, 29 Sep 2004 10:24:52 -0400

Excellent -- thanks for replying with the resolution.

Steve

"Bil" <biljanat@nbrm.gov.mk> wrote in message
news:eK194YipEHA.2104@TK2MSFTNGP10.phx.gbl...

> *I removed TCP/IP protocol on client machine and this resolved the problem.*

>

> *Thank you again for your help.*

>

> *Best Regards,*

> *Bil*

>

>

> "Bil" <biljanat@nbrm.gov.mk> wrote in message

> news:OCh98PipEHA.324@TK2MSFTNGP11.phx.gbl...

>> *Steve, thank you very much. I will reply to group about the results.*

>>

>> *Best Regards,*

>> *Bil*

>>

>>

>>

>> "Steve Thompson" <stevethompson@nomail.please> wrote in message

>> news:#tre8LipEHA.3728@TK2MSFTNGP09.phx.gbl...

>>> *Hi Bil,*

>>>

>>> *Here is a link to an article on troubleshooting connectivity:*

>>>

>>

>

<http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?scid=kb:en-us:827422&Product=sql2k>

>>>

>>> *In addition, I archived an email from another individual that received*

a

>>> *similar error (slightly different circumstances), I'm reposting it in*

> *case*

>>> *it helps you -- let us know?*

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>>>
>>> ~~~~~
>>> *There are two ways to fix this problem: to remove TCP/IP protocol from
> SQL
>>> server or to impersonate users.*
>>>
>>> *Remove TCP/IP*
>>>
>>> *1. Go to SQL Server properties, then to General tab – Network
> configuration.*
>>> *Remove TCP/IP protocol there.*
>>>
>>> *This worked for me. However, since TCP/IP is required for replication,*
I
>> *had*
>>> *to add it back.*
>>>
>>> *Impersonate SQL Server users.*
>>>
>>> *Usually you can impersonate users by going to the Local security
policy
> in*
>>> *Administrative Tools, then to Impersonate a client after
authentication.*
>>> *However, if you deal with the Domain controller, most of the controls
>> there
>>> are disabled. So:*
>>>
>>> *1. Go to the Active Directory, right-click on Domain Controllers and
>> select
>>> Properties*
>>> *2. Go to the Group Policy tab and highlight Default Domain Controller
>>> Policy, click Edit*
>>> *3. Go to Windows Settings – Security Settings – Local Policies – User
>> Rights
>>> Assignment*
>>> *4. Double-click Impersonate a client after authentication*
>>>
>>> *Then Microsoft suggested to uncheck the box Define these policy
> settings,
>>> then go to the Local security policy and add users there. It worked.*
>>> *However, I think it would be better just add the users right there,
>> without
>>> going to the Local security policy.*
>>>
>>> *Either way, this solved my problem.*
>>>
>>> ~~~~~
>>>
>>> *Steve*
>>>

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> > > "Bil" <biljanat@nbrm.gov.mk> wrote in message
> > > news:%23oR4wygpEHA.2304@TK2MSFTNGP14.phx.gbl...
> > > > I have SQL Server 2000 Enterprise Manager installed on XP box. I
want
> to
> > > > connect to SQL Server 2000, using trusted connection. I have
required
> > > > permisiions, but I receive this error message:
> > > >
> > > > Connection failed:
> > > > SQLState: '28000'
> > > > SQL Server Error: 18452
> > > > [Microsoft][ODBC SQL Server Driver][SQL Server] Login failed for
user
> > > > '(null)'. Reason: Not associated with a trusted SQL Server
connection.
> > > >
> > > > Has anyone any idea?
> > > >
> > > > Thanks in advance.
> > > > Best Reagrds,
> > > > Bil
> > > >
> > > >
> > >
> > >
> >
> >
> >
>
>
>
>