

Re: word webpages

Source:

<http://www.tech-archive.net/Archive/Mac/microsoft.public.mac.office.word/2006-11/msg00384.html>

- *From:* "Phillip Jones, CET" <pjones1@xxxxxxxxxxxxx>
 - *Date:* Thu, 16 Nov 2006 21:11:59 -0500
-

And none of us are not beating up on Word, so much as saying, to create web pages designed to be used on typical websites, word is not the tool.

Word has it place creating documents to go on specific sites that can use and display the code as Microsoft intended.

Now I have to admit if I didn't have to maintain a website for an Association; I don't whether I would own DreamWeaver as it may be too expensive and complex for simple web pages.

But any ascii editor is capable, if you know how to properly write code.

Allen Watson wrote:

Thing is, Word saves a file in a form that will allow it to completely reconstruct the file as a Word document, including all fonts, for instance, which simply cannot be displayed in a normal browser (unless you include them as graphics, which precludes any editing). That format absolutely SUCKS as a web page. The resulting file is two to four times larger than it needs to be to reproduce a good web page. That cruft is what Dreamweaver removes. It is stuff that Word might need to reconstruct the page, but it is totally unnecessary for a website.

Therefore, I'd say that "fixing" the code for the web is an appropriate use of the word. Word is not saving a "web page". It is saving a document halfway between Word and web. Dreamweaver is converting that interim format to something efficient for the web.

You might try this: Save the document in RTF format. Then, with the RTF document open in Word, copy that material and paste it into Dreamweaver. Dreamweaver can, and will, convert the Rich Text into decent HTML, without all of Word's excess verbiage.

On 11/16/06 2:22 AM, in article C182872D.5135B%john@xxxxxxxxxxxxx, "John McGhie [MVP - Word and Word Macintosh]" <john@xxxxxxxxxxxxx> wrote:

Hi Phillip:

Re: word webpages

Sure: DreamWeaver can and will leave Word's XML alone if you want it to,
or
filter it to remove some bits if you choose.

So will Word. The question I was addressing is wheth