

Re: Finding roots of non-linear equations in Excel

Source:

<http://www.tech-archive.net/Archive/Excel/microsoft.public.excel.worksheet.functions/2004-08/0798.html>

From: TCO (TCO_at_discussions.microsoft.com)

Date: 08/04/04

Date: Wed, 4 Aug 2004 10:25:01 -0700

"hgrove >" wrote:

> TCO wrote...
> ...
> >I should re-write the function slightly as follows:
> >
> > $\tan(0.155x) - (0.42x)/(x^2 - 0.0438) = 0$
> >
> >You have an interesting interpretation of 'slightly'.
> >
> >I am trying to determine positive values of x where the left hand
> >side is zero. The number 0 satisfies the equation, but there are
> >other roots at 1.64, 10.4, 20.4, 30.5, etc. . . . I am looking for a
> >way of seamlessly integrating a root finding Macro into an Excel
> >spreadsheet that would find the roots to the above equation.
> >The constants (0.155, 0.42, and 0.0438) will be the only user-
> >defined values that change from run-to-run.
> >
> >I have found root solvers on the net. Most all are stand-alone
> >apps, probably written in VBA. . . .
> >
> >Why do you believe they're probably written in VBA? In my experience,
> >most people with the education and experience to know how to do
> >numerical programming don't use any dialect of BASIC if they can avoid
> >doing so. Where's the 'Numeric Recipes in BASIC' book?
> >
> > . . . I need the code that could be transferred into my own
> >Macro (I assume this would be better than a "Function" because
> >the Macro can run in the background within a spreadsheet?) . . .
> >
> >Nope. Any & all VBA code runs in foreground.
> >
> > . . . which becomes part of my stand-alone worksheet.
> > ...
> >
> >For any continuous function, you need to find an x interval in which

microsoft.public.excel.worksheet.functions: Re: Finding roots of non-linear equations in Excel

> *the function of interest evaluates positive at one of its bounds and*
> *negative at its other bound. Once such an interval has been located,*
> *it's no big deal to find the zero. Binary search, Newton's method and*
> *secant method could all be used (binary search is slowest but also*
> *surest – Newton and secant methods could go off on tangents). The*
> *tricky part is thus identifying the intervals, and it's nearly*
> *impossible in general to guarantee that any interval that contains a*
> *zero contains only one zero.*
>
> *But if you're interested, see chapter 9 of either*
>
> <http://lib-www.lanl.gov/numerical/bookcpdf.html>
>
> *or*
>
> <http://lib-www.lanl.gov/numerical/bookfpdf.html>
>
> *depending on whether you prefer C or FORTRAN.*
>
>
> ---
> *Message posted from <http://www.ExcelForum.com/>*
>
>

I can re-write:

$$\tan(0.155x) - (0.42x)/(x^2 - 0.0438) = 0$$

as:

$$x = \text{ATAN}((0.42 * x)/(x^2 - 0.0438)) / 0.155$$

which other than the values of the constants and variable designations (i.e., A1 vs. x) should have the same functional form as what I originally wrote. Sorry about the confusion.

Also, you are correct, the Numerical Recipes book is Fortran and C. I mentioned Basic only because my goal is to utilize Excel for an atypical spreadsheet computation. Thanks for the LANL link to the current Fortran copy.

Tim