

Using * in an SQL Query

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I hope someone can help me with this. I inherited this database that I need to include its table into another database. Things have gone smoothly except when it comes to adding a new record into this table. The "Key" field is made up of a letter code, the last digit of the fiscal year, and then a three digit number. Up until a few weeks ago the fiscal year digit came before the letter code, then the three digit number. The three digit number can be repeated as long as it's not repeated with the same code letter. For example I might have a code "5B102" and "5C102". Since I need to keep this format I want to find the highest number in each letter group so I can increment it, then created a new Record Identifier based on the incremented number. I'm trying to find the highest record using an SQL statement in VBA, example: "Select [CANumber] frm [tbl FA] where [CANumber] like " & Chr(42) & X & Chr(42) & """. I have done a lot of SQL statements using the wild card this way, but this time it doesn't like the "like" portion. I have gone into the Query Builder, created the query, and it ran fine. When I pasted that into my code, it won't work. Does anyone have any clues what I might be doing wrong this time or why it won't work this way? Thanks.

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